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Biography Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann 1844

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (German pronunciation:; February 20, 1844 - September 5, 1906) was an Austrian physicist and philosopher. His greatest achievement was in the development of statistical mechanics, which explains and predicts how the properties of atoms (such as mass, charge, and structure) determine the physical properties of matter (such as viscosity,

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thermal conductivity, and diffusion). Boltzmann coined the word ergodic while he was working on a problem in statistical mechanics.

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipedia

Ludwig Boltzmann, in full Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann, (born February 20, 1844, Vienna, Austria—died September 5, 1906, Duino, Italy), physicist whose greatest achievement was in the development of statistical mechanics, which explains and predicts how the properties of atoms (such as mass, charge, and structure) determine the visible properties of matter (such as viscosity, thermal conductivity, and diffusion).

Ludwig Boltzmann | Austrian physicist | Britannica

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (February 20, 1844 - September 5, 1906) was an Austrian physicist and philosopher whose greatest achievement was in the development of statistical mechanics,

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which explains and predicts how the properties of atoms (such as mass, charge, and structure) determine the physical properties of matter (such as viscosity, thermal conductivity, and diffusion).

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (1844 - 1906) - Genealogy

Ludwig Boltzmann was born on February 20, 1844 in Erdberg, a suburb of Vienna, which was the capital of the Austrian Empire. Ludwig's father, was a tax clerk, his mother was Katharina Pauernfeind of Salzburg. The boy initially taught at home, enjoyed trips to the countryside to collect butterflies and beetles. Ludwig Boltzmann also liked to tinker.

Biography: Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (1844-1906)

Ludwig Boltzmann's father was a taxation official. Boltzmann was awarded a doctorate from the University of Vienna in 1866 for a thesis on the kinetic theory of gases supervised by

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Josef Stefan. After obtaining his doctorate, he became an assistant to his teacher Josef Stefan. Boltzmann taught at Graz, moved to Heidelberg and then to Berlin.

Ludwig Boltzmann (1844 - 1906) - Biography - MacTutor

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Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann was born February 20, 1844 in a house on the main street of the Landstrasse district of Vienna. His father was an Imperial and Royal Cameral-Concipient, a tax official, and his mother, Katharina Pauernfeind, was from Slzburg. From childhood he lived in security and material comfort. He received his preliminary

Ludwig Boltzmann (1844 - 1906) - PhilSci-Archive

Ludwig Boltzmann was born on 20 February 1844. He graduated from High School, passing the Austrian High School examination "Matura" in 1863, at the age of 19 years. Two years later, in

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1865, Ludwig Boltzmann published his first scientific publication at the age of 21:

Ludwig Boltzmann biography (20 Feb 1844 - 5 Sept 1906)

Born in Vienna on February 20, 1844, Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann's father, Ludwig Georg Boltzmann, was a tax official. He was the eldest of three children and his mother, Katharina Pauernfeind, was from a wealthy family. Ludwig was initially educated by a private tutor and he then attended the local gymnasium in Linz where he showed great ...

Ludwig Boltzmann - Biography, Facts and Pictures

On February 20th, 1844, Ludwig Boltzmann was born to a father who was a tax official, and mother Katharina Pauernfeind, who hailed from Salzburg. His grandfather was a clock manufacturer and had moved from Berlin to Vienna. After Boltzmann was born, the family moved to Upper Austria to Wels and then to Linz

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where Ludwig attended high school.

Ludwig Boltzmann Biography - Childhood, Life Achievements ...

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann Pebrero 20, 1844 Vienna, Austrian Empire (present-day Austria) Namatay: Septyembre 5, 1906 (edad 62) Tybein near Trieste, Austria-Hungary (present-day Duino, Italy) Suicide: Taga: Austria, Germany: Nasodhanon: Austrian: Mga larangan: Physicist: Mga instituto: University of Graz University of Vienna University of Munich University of Leipzig

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipedia

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (Februar 20, 1844 – September 5, 1906) wis an Austrick pheesicist an filosofer whose greatest achievement wis in the development o stateestical mechanics, which explains an predicts hou the properties o atoms (sic as

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mass, charge, an structur) determine the pheesical properties o matter (sic as viscosity, thermal conductivity, an diffusion).

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipedia

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (n. 20 februarie 1844, Viena, Imperiul Austriac – d. 5 septembrie 1906, Duino-Aurisina, Austro-Ungaria) a fost un fizician și matematician austriac, membru al Academiei Austriece de Științe, faimos pentru inventarea mecanicii statistice, ca metodă generală de studiere a gazelor.

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipedia

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (20 tháng 2 năm 1844 – 5 tháng 9 năm 1906) là một nhà vật lý nổi tiếng người Áo, thành viên của Viện Hàn lâm Khoa học Hoàng gia Áo, ông là người bắc cầu cho vật lý hiện đại, với những công trình đặt nền móng cho các lĩnh vực khoa học gồm cơ học thống kê và nhiệt động lực học thống kê. Ông là một trong những nhân vật có đóng góp lớn, bảo vệ

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cho thuyết nguyên tử khi mô hình nguyên tử vẫn còn đang gây ra sự tranh cãi cao.

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipedia tiếng Việt

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (Viena, 20 de fevereiro de 1844 — Duino-Aurisina, 5 de setembro de 1906) foi um físico austríaco, conhecido pelo seu trabalho no campo da termodinâmica estatística. É considerado junto com Josiah Willard Gibbs e James Clerk Maxwell como o fundador da mecânica estatística.

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipédia, a enciclopédia livre

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann, 1844 - 1906 (9 de setembro) foi um físico austríaco, conhecido pelo seu trabalho no campo da termodinâmica estatística. É considerado junto com Josiah Willard Gibbs e James Clerk Maxwell como o fundador da mecânica estatística.

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Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann, nado en Viena o 20 de febreiro de 1844 e finado en Duino o 5 de setembro de 1906, foi un físico austríaco coñecido por ser, xunto con James Clerk Maxwell, pai da Distribución de Maxwell-Boltzmann na que se basea a Teoría cinética dos gases; a cal sería a primeira teoría enmarcada na disciplina da mecánica estatística.

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipedia, a enciclopedia libre

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (Vjenë, Austri, 20 shkurt 1844 - Duino, Itali, 5 shtator 1906) ishte një fizikan, matematikan dhe filozof austriak. Boltzmann ishte një nga fizikantët teorikë më të rëndësishëm të të gjitha kohërave.

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipedia

Ludwig Eduard Boltzmann (Bécs, 1844. február 20. – Duino bei Triest (Osztrák–Magyar Monarchia), 1906. szeptember 5.) osztrák fizikus és filozófus, a 19. század elméleti fizikájának

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egyik legnagyobb alakja. Eredményei közül a legjelentősebbek: a statisztikus mechanika megalapozása,

Ludwig Boltzmann - Wikipédia

Ludwig Boltzmann (20. februar 1844 - 5. september 1906) var ein austerrisk fysikar. Han vart professor i Graz 25 år gammal, og seinare i Wien, München og Leipzig. Arbeidet til Boltzmann omfattar termodynamikk, statistisk mekanikk, kinetisk gassteori, elektrodynamikk og meir.

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